Grand Test - SPP-180312



## SBI PO Preliminary Grand Test – SPP-180312 **HINTS & SOLUTIONS**

ANSWER KEY							
	1. (3)	21. (3)	41. (1)	61. (4)	81. (2)		
	2. (1)	22. (1)	42. (2)	62. (2)	82. (4)		
	3. (4)	23. (3)	43. (2)	63. (1)	83. (1)		
	4. (2)	24. (5)	44. (1)	64. (1)	84. (3)		
	5. (2)	25. (3)	45. (1)	65. (2)	85. (2)		
	6. (2)	26. (3)	46. (1)	66. (5)	86. (3)		
	7. (2)	27. (4)	47. (2)	67. (4)	87. (4)		
	8. (3)	28. (2)	48. (1)	68. (4)	88. (3)		
	9. (2)	29. (2)	49. (1)	69. (3)	89. (1)		
	10. (4)	30. (1)	50. (2)	70. (1)	90. (2)		
	11. (1)	31. (3)	51. (1)	71. (3)	91. (5)	S	
	12. (3)	32. (4)	52.(2)	72. (1)	92. (2)		
	13. (2)	33. (1)	53.(3)	73. (1)	93. (2)		
	14. (2)	34. (2)	54. (4)	74. (3)	94. (4)	1	
	15. (1)	35. (2)	55.(1)	75. (2)	95. (3)	1	
	16. (5)	36. (4)	56. (3)	76. (2)	96.(4)		
	17. (1)	37. (5)	57. (2)	77.(3)	97.(2)		
	18. (3)	38. (2)	58. (5)	78.(1)	98.(1)	¢	
	19. (4)	39. (5)	59. (3)	79. (4)	99. (3)		
	20. (2)	40. (3)	60. (4)	80.(5)	100.(4)	1	

## **HINTS & SOLUTIONS**

- 1. (3) They are wary of cumber-some police formalities and legal systems
- 2.(1) Manmade disasters occur more frequently than natural disasters.
- 3.(4) The government is apathetic and has not managed to handle disasters effectively
- 4. (2) Lack of disaster management training for medical staff
- 5.(2) Their working together to manage disasters completely keeping public interests in mind
- 6.(2) Both (B) and (C)
- 7.(2) The meaning of the word Infringe (Verb) as used in the passage is : to break a law or rule: to limit somebody's legal rights.
  - Look at the sentences :

The material can be copied without infringing copyright. She refused to answer questions that infringed on her private affairs.

Of the given alternative, the word Violate means : to against or refuse to obey a law, an agreement etc; to disturb or not respect somebody's peace or privacy.

Hence, the words infringing and violating are synonymous.

The meaning of the word Frequency (Noun) as used in the 8.(3) passage is : the rate at which something happens or is repeated. Look at the sentences :

Fatal road accidents have decreased in frequency over recent years.

Objects like this turn up at sales with surprising frequency. The word Recurrence (Noun) means : if there is a recurrence of something, it happens again.

Look at the sentences :

- Attempts are being made to prevent a recurrence of the problem.
- Hence, the words frequency and recurrence are synonymous.
- The meaning of the word Lethargic (Adjective) as used in the passage is : the state of not having any energy or enthusiasm for doing things; inactive; inertial. Look at the sentences :

The weather made him lethargic.

- Hence, the words lethargic and active are antonymous.
- The meaning of the word Dismal (Adjective) as used in the passage is : causing or showing sadness, gloomy, miserable; not skilful or successful.

Look at the sentences :

10. (4)

The recent attempt to increase production has been a dismal failure.

The singer gave a dismal performance of old songs. .

The word Animated (Adjective) means : full of interest and energy: lively.

Hence, the words dismal and animated are antonymous.

11. (1)	variables	12. (3)	jeopardize	
13. (2)	reckoning	14. (2)	bringing	
15. (1)	shame			
16. (5)	E	17. (1)	А	
18. (3)	С	19. (4)	D	
20. (2)	В			
21. (3)		22. (1)		
23. (3)		24. (5)		25. (3

- Plural subject agrees with plural verb. Hence, system and 26. (3) need to should be used.
- 27. (4) Here, passive voice should be used. Hence, replace which is yet to take by which is yet to be taken.
- 28. (2) Here, gerund should be used. Hence, process of finalising new policy should be used.
- Here, 'world's leader manufacturer' should be replaced 29. (2) by world's leading manufacturer. The word leading is an Adjective.
- 30. (1) The word 'per cent' is followed by preposition 'of. Hence, over eighty per cent of us should be used.

31. (3) 
$$x = \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{2}$$
  
 $y = \frac{7}{5}, \frac{3}{2}$ 

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	$\therefore$ Clearly x $\ge$ y	43. (2)
32. (4)	$x = \frac{7}{4}, \frac{-8}{3}; y = 2, \frac{7}{4}$	
	$\therefore$ Clearly x $\leq$ y	
33. (1)	$x = \frac{-4}{3}, -3$	44. (1)
	y = -4, -5	
	$\therefore \text{ Clearly } x > y$	
34. (2)	$\mathbf{x} = \frac{7}{8}, 1$	
	$y = 2, \frac{3}{2}$	
	$\therefore$ Clearly x < y	45 (1)
35. (2)	$\mathbf{x} = 4 \text{ and } \mathbf{y} = 5$	45. (1)
	$\therefore$ Clearly x < y	
36. (4) 37. (5)	The given data are inadequate.	
57.(5)	If the age of Rani = x years, then	
	Surekha's age = 2x years	46. (1)
	x + 2x = 72	PAN
	$\Rightarrow$ 3x = 72 years $\Rightarrow$ x = $\frac{72}{3}$ = 24 years	
	Rani's age = 24 years	
	As per the given information in statement I, Nidhi's age	
38. (2)	Statement I is superfluous.	
	From statement II,	
	Number of boys in the school = $3500 \times \frac{60}{100} = 2100$	GI
	2500	
	Number of boys in the school = $\frac{3500 \times 60}{100}$ = 2100	17 (2)
	$\therefore$ Required ratio = 2100 : 1400 = 3 : 2	47.(2)
39. (5)	Let Mr. Mehta's present income be Rs. x	E K
	From statement I and II,	
	$10\% \text{ of } x = 2500 \implies x \times \frac{10}{100} = 2500$	
10 (3)	$\Rightarrow$ x = 2500 $\times$ 10 = Rs. 25000 From statement I	
40. (5)	Distance covered 80	
	Speed of the bus = $\frac{1}{1}$ Time Taken = $\frac{1}{5}$ = 16 kmph	
	As per the information in statement II, the speed of the	48. (1)
41. (1)	Total no. of students passed from school A in all the years	
.,	= 240 + 350 + 360 + 300 + 320 = 1570	
	Total no. of students passed from school C in all the years $-200+240+210+250+280-1180$	
	The sum of total students passed from A & C is	
	= 1570 + 1180 = 2750.	
42. (2)	No. of girls passed from school A in 2007 = $350 \times \frac{3}{7} = 150$	
	No. of boys passed from school C in 2006 = $200 \times \frac{3}{5} = 120$	
	Required ratio = 150 : 120 = 5 : 4	

No. of boys passed from school D in 2010  

$$= 640 \times \frac{5}{8} = 400$$
Total passed students in that year = 640  
Required percentage 
$$= \frac{400}{640} \times 100 = 62.5\%$$
No. of girls passed from school D in 2008  

$$= 450 \times \frac{5}{9} = 250$$
No. of girls passed from school B in 2010  

$$= 450 \times \frac{4}{9} = 200$$
Required percentage  

$$= \frac{250 - 200}{200} \times 100 = \frac{50}{200} \times 100 = 25\%$$
Total number of books =  $8 + 7 + 6 = 21$   
Let E be the event that the picked book is neither in Hindi  
nor in Urdu or the event that the book picked is i9n English  
n(E) = 7  
 $\therefore p(E) = \frac{7}{21}$   
Total number of balls in the bag =  $7 + 8 + 6 = 21$   
Total number of balls in the bag =  $7 + 8 + 6 = 21$   
Total number of balls in the bag =  $7 + 8 + 6 = 21$   
Total number of balls in the bag =  $7 + 8 + 6 = 21$   
Total number of balls in the bag =  $7 + 8 + 6 = 21$   
Total number of 2 balls out of 2 balls out of 7 red  
balls - selection of 2 balls out of 8 yellow balls =  
 $^{7}C_{2} + ^{8}C_{2}$   
 $= \frac{21 \times 2}{1 \times 2} = 210$   
Favourable outcomes = Selection of 2 balls out of 7 red  
balls - selection of 2 balls out of 8 yellow balls =  
 $^{7}C_{2} + ^{8}C_{2}$   
 $= \frac{21 \times 2}{1 \times 2} = 25$   
 $= 24 + 28 = 49$   
 $\therefore$  Required probability  $= \frac{49}{210} = \frac{7}{30}$   
Let the number of girls in the class be x.  
Total weight of by  $s = 24 \times kg$   
Total weight of by  $s = 24 \times kg$   
Total weight of by  $s = 24 \times kg$   
Total weight of girls ( $2(4x - 90)$  kg.  
According to the question,  
 $\frac{24x + 24x - 90}{24 + x} = 25$   
 $\Rightarrow 848 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 488 \times 90 = 25 \times 24 + 25x$   
 $\Rightarrow 7 \times 4C_{2} - 8)$  years  
 $\therefore$  Trisha's age = 2 xyears  
 $\therefore$  Trisha's age = 2 xyears  
 $\therefore$  Trisha's age = 2 xyears  
 $\therefore$  Trisha's gag =

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**RACE** 

49. (1) C.P. of shoe-rack = Rs. x(let)  $:: 100\% = 360^{\circ}$ 55.(1)  $\therefore$  C.P. of cupboard = Rs. 3x  $\therefore 1\% = \frac{360}{100} = 3.6$ C.P. of table = Rs. (3x - 2000) S.P. of shoe-rack = Rs.  $\left(\frac{118x}{100}\right)$  $\therefore 15\% = 3.6 \times 15 = 54^{\circ}$ S.P. of cup board =Rs.  $\left(\frac{3x \times 9}{100}\right) = \left(\frac{270x}{100}\right)$ 56. (3) The pattern of the number series is:  $495 - 1 \times 10 = 485$ 485 - 2 × 10 = 465 S.P. of table =  $\left(\frac{270x}{100} + 1400\right)$  $465 - 4 \times 10 = 425$  $425 - 8 \times 10 = 345$ According to the question. 345 - 16 × 10 = 185  $\frac{118x}{100} + \frac{270x}{100} + \frac{270x}{100} + 1400$ 57.(2) The pattern of the number series is: 16 + 6 = 22 $=(x + 3x + 3x - 2000) \times \frac{102.2}{100}$ 22 + 11 = 33 33 + 16 = 49  $\Rightarrow$  118x + 270x + 270x + 140000 49 + 21 = 70 $= 7x \times 102.2 - 2000 \times 102.2$ 70 + 26 = 96  $\Rightarrow$  658x + 140000 = 715.4x - 204400 The pattern of the number series is: 58. (5)  $\Rightarrow$  715.4x - 658x = 140000 + 204400  $32 + 2^2 = 36$  $\implies$  57.4x = 344400  $36 + 4^2 = 52$  $\implies x = \frac{344400}{57.4} = 6000$  $\therefore \left[ (6300 + x) \times \frac{16}{100} \times 3 \right] - \left( 6300 \times \frac{14}{100} \times 3 \right) = 618$  $\Rightarrow \frac{4(6300 + x)}{25} - 882 = 204$  $52 + 6^2 = 88$ 50. (2)  $88 + 8^2 = 152$ S.I. =  $\frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}$  $152 + 10^2 = 252$ 59. (3) The pattern of the number series is: 17 + 272 = 289 289 + 136 = 425 425 + 68 = 493 493 + 34 = 527  $\Rightarrow$  6300 + x = 1088  $\times \frac{25}{4}$  = 272  $\times$  25 527 + 17 = 544 ⇒ 6300 + x = Rs. 6800 60.(4) The pattern of the number series is: Number of research journals published by publisher D 51. (1)  $13 + 1 \times 14 = 27$  $27 + 2 \times 14 = 55$  $=18400 \times \frac{16}{100}$ A NK OF  $55 + 3 \times 14 = 97$ 97 + 4 × 14 = 153 Research papers  $\Rightarrow 28600 \times \frac{16}{100}$ 153 + 5 × 14 = 223  $\frac{515 \times 22}{100} - 43 = \frac{?}{5.5}$ 61. (4) .:. Required ratio  $=18400 \times \frac{16}{100}: 28600 \times \frac{16}{100} = 92: 143$  $\Rightarrow$  113 - 43 =  $\frac{?}{5.5}$  $\therefore$ ? = 70 × 5.5 = 385 Required answe 52.(2)  $\therefore$  Required answer = 375  $=18400 \times \frac{22}{100} + 28600 \times \frac{13}{100}$  $? = \frac{1600 \times 200}{50} - 1400 + 3900 = 6400 - 1400 + 3900 = 8900$ 62.(2) = 4048 + 3718 = 7766 ∴ Required answer = 9000 53.(3) Required percentage 63.(1) ? = 4434 - 2212 - 1134 + 3377 = 4465  $=\frac{18-8}{8}\times100=\frac{1000}{8}=125\%$  $\therefore$  Required answer = 4466 64.(1) There are 10 balls in the bag Total possible outcomes Research papers published by A, C and F 54. (4) = Selection of 2 balls out of 10 balls = (15 + 20 + 18) % of 28600  $= {}^{10}C_2 = \frac{10 \times 9}{1 \times 2} = 45$  $=\frac{28600\times53}{15158}$ 100 Total favourable outcomes Research journals published by A, C and F = Selection of 2 balls out of 6 red balls + selection of 2 balls = (12 + 22 + 14) % of 18400 out of 4 yellow balls  $= {}^{6}C_{2} + {}^{4}C_{2} = \frac{6 \times 5}{1 \times 2} + \frac{4 \times 3}{1 \times 2} = 15 + 6 = 21$  $=18400 \times \frac{48}{100} = 8832$  $\therefore$  Required probability  $=\frac{21}{45}=\frac{7}{15}$ Required difference = 15158 - 8832 = 6326

Gran	d Test – SPP-180312				() RA	ICE
65. (2)	Match I : Match II = 5 : 4 Match II : Match III = 2 : 1 = 4 : 2 Match I : Match II : Match III = 5 : 4 : 2 According to the question, 5x = 2x = 49	70. (1)	Houses	Forest	rees Hills Buses	
	$3x - 2x = 40$ $\Rightarrow 3x = 48$ $48$					
	$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3} = 16$ Total runs scored in three matches		I. ✓ II Only I and	I. ✓ III. II follows.	× IV. ×	
	= 5x + 4x + 2x = 11x = 11 × 16 = 176	71-75.	A – Maths B – English	– 5 /Hindi – 7		
66-67.	$\therefore$ Required average = $\frac{173}{3} = 58\frac{2}{3}$		D – Econor E – Civics –	nics – 6 $\cdot 6$		
	$\bigcirc \Rightarrow \leq \$ \Rightarrow \geq @ \Rightarrow =$	71 (3)	G – English I – History	/Hindi – 7 – 7. 72	(1)	73 (1)
66. (5)	$   \star \Rightarrow <   \% \Rightarrow >   $ $ D @ M \Rightarrow D = M $	74. (3) 76 – 80.		75	. (2)	73. (1)
	$M \ \$ B \Longrightarrow M \ge B$		Friend	Bank	Post	
	$B \star R \Longrightarrow B < R$		А	S	Forex Officer	
	$R \% T \Longrightarrow R < T$		В	М	Agriculture Officer	
	Therefore, $D = M \ge B < R > T$	3AA.	С	Ν	Economist	
	Conclusions :	V	Ð	L	Terminal Operator	
	I. B $\star$ D $\rightarrow$ B < D :Not Irue		E	R	IT Officer	
	II. B $(@ D \rightarrow B = D : NOT )$ If ue B is either smaller than or equal to D. Therefore, either I or		J.FO	Q	Clerk	-
	Il is true.		G U	Р	Research Analyst	
	III. T $\star$ M $\Rightarrow$ T <m: not="" td="" true<=""><td>76. (2)</td><td>B works as</td><td>an Agriculti</td><td>re Officer.</td><td></td></m:>	76. (2)	B works as	an Agriculti	re Officer.	
67. (4)	$W @ F \Rightarrow W \leq F$	77.(3)	C is an Eco	nomist		
	$F @D \Rightarrow F=D$	78.(1)	B works for	r bank M.		
	$D \star K \Rightarrow D < K$	79. (4) 80 (5)	A works to	r bank S and	he is a Forex Officer.	
	$K $ $J $ $\Rightarrow $ $K $ $\geq $ $J$	81. (2)	Sparrows a	ind Crows a	re birds. But sparrow is d	ifferent
	Therefore, $W \leq F \Rightarrow D < K \geq J$	- · · ·	from crow.		·	
	Conclusions :	-al	1	-		
	I. K % W $\rightarrow$ K > W :True	n 25	1	Birds		
	II. D $W \rightarrow D \ge W$ : True		Sparrowe	(crown)		
40 (A)	III. F ★ K → F < K : True		C	CIOWS	/	
00. (4)	$\frown$		1	-/		
	Poles	82 (1)		/		
	Trams Ropes Tents	02. (4)	in many	21 km		
	(Rockets)		B	21 811		
			2 km			
			8 km	13 km	10	
	Only I and IV follows.		1	North A		
69. (3)			West <	>East		
	Spoons		and any	*		
	Mirrors	02 (1)	1	South		
		03.(1)			0 0 0	
	( Dials ) ( Decks Chairs					
			+1 -1 -1		+1 -1 -1	
			₩ ₩ B B	V V V	¥ ¥ ¥	
	I. ★ II. ✓ III. ★ IV. ★		D D			
	Only (II) follows.			4	th from right	
	4					

